

#### UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. M1003/7002 MBL Hiram M. Samel 09/938,229 08/23/2001 1859 EXAMINER 23628 7590 10/22/2003 WOLF GREENFIELD & SACKS, PC GUARRIELLO, JOHN J FEDERAL RESERVE PLAZA ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER 600 ATLANTIC AVENUE BOSTON, MA 02210-2211 1771

DATE MAILED: 10/22/2003

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			Application No.		Applicant(s)	
Office Action Summary		09/938,229		SAMEL, HIRAM M.		
		Examiner		Art Unit		
		John J. Guarri		1771		
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status  1) M. Despensive to communication(s) filed on 16, July 2002						
1)⊠						
2a)⊠	•			occution as to th	no morite is	
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. <b>Disposition of Claims</b>						
4) Claim(s) 1-10 is/are pending in the application.						
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)□						
· <u> </u>	☑ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are rejected.					
7)□						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a)☐ approved b)☐ disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice 2) Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-892) of of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	4)   5)   6)		(PTO-413) Paper No Patent Application (PT		

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

- 15. The Examiner acknowledges the response and terminal disclaimer submitted 7/16/2003.
- 16. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

- 17. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action: A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -
  - (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 4-6, 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Bray 280,286.

Rejection is maintained substantially as stated in paper of 3/14/2003. Applicant's arguments regarding tightly woven have been considered, but it is the Examiner's position that the phrase "tightly woven" is merely a subjective term which is not specified with any quantitative value. Further, according to WEBSTER, tight means

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closely packed, or elements close together, page 1234. Bray describes closely woven which corresponds to the claimed tightly woven as indicated by WEBSTER. Furthermore, a carpet as noted by WEBSTER is a heavy tufted fabric which is a woven fabric, page 174.

Bray describes describes a textile material made of paper strands or threads which may be made by any known method of weaving or knitting, (column 1, lines 27-31). Bray describes the textile material having a fine weave (corresponding to the tightly woven limitation of the claimed invention), (column 1, lines 24-25). Bray describes the warp and weft can be made from very narrow, spun or twisted strands of yarn as desired, (column 1, lines 49-50; column 2, lines 51-55). Bray describes carpets, corresponding to rugs or matting for covering floors, (column 1, lines 9-11). Bray describes the method steps as paper yarns as woven by well known methods in weaving, (column 1, lines 20-32). It is the Examiner's position that Bray describes the essential limitations of the claimed invention. Claims lack novelty.

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## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 18. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 19. Claims 1-3, 7, 8, 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bray 280,286.

Bray as in paragraph # 17 above with the difference being that
Bray is silent about the density of the set of yarns. Regarding the
method steps, Bray describes the paper yarns woven by any well
known methods in weaving, (column 1, lines 24-32). Bray describes
tightly twisted strands or threads which is closely woven
(corresponding to tightly woven in the claimed invention), (column 1,
line 45-56). Regarding the cutting step it would have been obvious to
one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to
cut the woven yarns to form rugs because this involves routine skill in
the art, see In re Japikse, 86 USPQ 70, and this would be a

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conventional step in the formation of a rug so as to fit different floor dimensions of apartments, see column 2, lines 60-64.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to optimize the density of the set of yarns motivated with the expectation that with yarns or threads closely woven the fabric or textile can be washed without liability of injury or damage, (column 1, lines 44-50).

Applicant's arguments regarding the tightly woven fabric have been answered above in paragraph # 18.

#### Terminal Disclaimer

20. An attorney or agent, not of record, is not authorized to sign a terminal disclaimer in the capacity as an attorney or agent acting in a representative capacity as provided by 37 CFR 1.34 (a). See 37 CFR 1.321(b) and/or (c).

# **Double Patenting**

21. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise

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extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

22. Claim 9 is rejected under the judicially created doctrine of

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obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-50 of U.S. Patent No. 6,506,697. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply a backing (corresponding to a polymeric material) as evidenced by Patton 5,082,697, (column 3, lines 50-54; column 4, lines 18-30; column 7, lines 45-53).

23. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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24. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to John J. Guarriello whose telephone number is 703-308-3209. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday from 8 am to 4 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Terrel Morris, can be reached on (703) 308-2414. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-305-5408.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0661.

John J. Guarriello:gj

Patent Examiner

October 17, 2003

TERREL MORRIS
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1700